

THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Knowledge is power—and the
way to keep up with modern
knowledge is to read a good
newspaper.

Vol. XVI.

Five Cents a Copy.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 29, 1914.

One Dollar a Year.

No. 18

Election In Kentucky

Next Tuesday is election day. It is the duty of every man to cast his ballot on election day according to his best judgment for the general good of all the people.

A man has no right to vote for something which he thinks will benefit himself at the expense of others; he has no right to sell his vote for money or favor of any kind; each man is an elector charged with the welfare of all the people and he is to use his best judgment to promote the general good.

In order to elect men to offices, we have to form parties and each party is supposed to stand for certain principles of honor and of progress. Of course, every party desires to appear patriotic. No man dares ask for office except by promising some public benefit.

The Democratic party in Kentucky has so divided the legislative districts as to enable the minority of Democrats to elect the majority in the Legislature. Thus the majority of the people is practically disfranchised and the will of the people set aside. Until this great wrong is righted, the one issue in Kentucky is to defeat the Democratic party. Every lover of fair play should be on hand early and vote the full Republican ticket unless there may be some instance in which the Republicans have been so forgetful as to nominate an unworthy man.

We can elect a United States Senator and we have a candidate of whom, in all respects, we can be proud. Augustus E. Willson has proven himself of great ability and incorruptible honor. No man could represent our state more worthily than he. In international matters he will support President Wilson. In national affairs he will look out for the public good and the rights of all the people.

Let every man cast an unbought, unfrightened, patriotic ballot.

Prohibition in Ohio

Ohio votes next Tuesday on State-wide prohibition, and all the signs point to a passage of this great law.

It will mean, as it has meant in Maine, in Kansas and other states, prosperity, good order and everything that goes with public welfare.

The whole liquor business is detrimental to the family and to the State. On with prohibition!

IN OUR OWN STATE UNITED STATES NEWS

Oil Wells Shot

Several oil wells in the Cow Creek Valley were shot this week. There is a wonderful amount of riches hidden beneath the soil in this part of the country.

Their First Train

Mr. Kidd of Louisville passed through Irving the 22nd, en route home from a visit to relatives in Owlsley county. He made the trip in part by auto. He had with him his two sisters both over 60 years of age. Neither of them had seen an auto or a train.

Irving to Have a New Depot

Negotiations have been completed for the site of a new depot in Irving at the junction of the L. & N. and the Irving-Winchester roads. It is said it will be a handsome building.

Lee County in for Good Roads

Lee County is to hold an election on the 28th of November to vote on the question of a bond issue for thirty-five thousand dollars to be spent on the roads of the county.

Convict Goes Unguarded

Recently a convict of the state penitentiary who is serving a sentence of from two to twenty-one years was allowed to go to Jackson unguarded to attend a trial as a witness in the case of the Commonwealth against Isaac Miller. The convict was the first to have gone from the city of Frankfort unguarded.

Coal Fields Near Hazard

The East Tennessee Coal Company is now developing a 7,800 acre field a short distance from Hazard, and has built a spur from the L. & N. to their mine. The Ashless Coal Co. is opening a field, the capacity of which is estimated at 1,500 tons per day. The Wolf Valley Coal Company is renewing their work under a new management. They expect soon to have an output of a thousand tons daily.

Y. M. C. A. Meets at Winchester

The State Student Conference of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at Winchester November 6, 7 and 8. About one hundred and fifty delegates will attend. The schools represented will be Berea, Cumberland, Bethel, Eastern Kentucky Normal, Georgetown, Kentucky Military Institute, William Lindsay Training School, Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Baptist Theological Seminary, Sue Bennett Memorial School, Union College, Transylvania University, University of Louisville, State University, Vanderbilt Training School and Kentucky Wesleyan.

Large Horse Shipment

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 26.—One thousand horses were bought in the surrounding country for use in the allies army. They are to be shipped to Baltimore, from there to France. It is said that there are warships just outside the neutral zone which will convey them to their destination.

Citizen's Bank of Murray Goes Bad

On the morning of the 26th the Citizen's Bank of Murray, Ky., suspended business because it was unable to realize on its assets to meet immediate obligations. It was organized with a capital of \$39,550 in 1882. It was placed in the hands of the State Banking Commissioner, T. J. Smith.

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Why not meet a Citizen man on Saturday the 31st, the big day at Berea the only day you can get the bargain of the year on a reduced price of The Citizen? Remember that you are entitled to one of our premiums when you subscribe.

(Continued on page Two.)

RUSSIANS PURSUING GERMANS

Latter Not Getting Moment's Rest.

RETREAT FROM POLAND

Kaiser's Army in the East Sorely Beset By Cossacks.

THE SITUATION AT THE WEST

French Reports Continue Favorable to the Allies.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The German army

is gaining on the Belgian-French frontier. North of Arras a heavy French attack broke down, the French losses being severe. In the eastern theater of the war our offensive on Augustow is progressing. The battle near Ivan gorod is favorable, but till now there has been no decision.

Important Cases Advanced

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Supreme Court on account of the importance advanced for hearing on December 7th, the following cases:

The Ohio National Guard case, involving the power of the President to order the National Guard of the States to foreign territory without first having them inducted as volunteers of the U. S. Army. The New York Tribune case involving the right of the government to compel newspaper editors to divulge the source of their information. The Oregon minimum wage law cases were also advanced to the same date.

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Network of Highways, It is Predicted, Will Be Built This Year.

"There will be more good roads built in Missouri this year than were built in the past ten years." This statement was made recently by State Highway Commissioner Frank W. Buffum.

"There is not a bit of abatement," continued Mr. Buffum, "in the good roads spirit that was awakened by the good roads days set up by Governor Major last year.

"Machinery is the explanation. Everywhere the best of modern road building equipment is being purchased. In most instances it is bought by the county, but there are many places where, when the county has not the money or has refused to buy equipment, the citizens have formed companies and bought.

"The lesson that machinery and not manual labor is requisite to make roads was learned last year. That was the most obvious result of the two good roads days.

"We are paying special attention just now to individual rural free delivery roads, to the end that these roads may be improved continuously. The average free delivery route road wanders here and there, sometimes good roads, sometimes bad, the aim is to improve them throughout and form a network of better highways."

Good roads day, inaugurated by Missouri last year, will be repeated this year, and there is a movement on foot to have other states observe the same days. Commissioner Buffum is in correspondence now with the governors and highway departments of all the states with that end in view. The object is to have two days set aside in each state.

Florida Road Bonds.

Good roads bonds amounting to approximately \$750,000 will be issued as the result of an election held recently by citizens of St. John's county, Fla. It is stated that the proceeds will be expended in the construction of about sixty-five miles of roadway.

Auto Struck by Train.

Valparaiso, Ind., Oct. 27.—Mrs. Fletcher White was instantly killed and Mr. White received injuries from which he died a short time later, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a passenger train at the crossing of the Chesterton road. Mr. White was a retired farmer and a director in the Valparaiso National bank.

COME, O, COME TO BEREA NEXT SATURDAY. THE SHOW WILL BE ON. YOU WILL MISS A LOT IF YOU DO NOT COME. ON THAT DAY YOU CAN GET A FOURTEEN MONTH'S SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CITIZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR. CAN YOU AFFORD TO MISS A CHANCE LIKE THIS?

BELGIANS FACE DREAD FAMINE

Nation's Food Supply Practically Exhausted.

WHITLOCK CALLS FOR RELIEF

American Minister at Brussels Says That it is Absolutely Essential That Food Be Obtained at Once For the Stricken People of War-Despoiled Country to Save the Population From Starvation.

Brussels, Oct. 27.—Nearly 7,000,000 people in Belgium face famine unless they receive help from the outside at once.

The American minister to Belgium, Brand Whitlock, says that less than two weeks' supply of food remains in the cities, while conditions in the country districts are even worse. Though Germany has seized the food in some cities for its soldiers, it still disclaims responsibility for feeding the Belgians.

Mr. Whitlock has had on hand only peasants' black bread for two weeks and the supply of that is short. One hundred soup kitchens are feeding thousands of the needy in Brussels. Families formerly rich are discharging their servants because they are bankrupt. Noblemen may be seen slipping into the soup kitchens.

The factories are closed. Many stores remain open, but have no business. The streetcars are being operated, but the railway train service has been suspended. The supplies of coffee, tea, flour, rye and salt are practically exhausted.

Belgians Are Disheartened.

Reports received by Minister Whitlock from Louvain, Liege and Namur say that the conditions in those cities are even worse than they are in Brussels. Louvain has only a four days' supply of flour, while Liege has no flour at all. The peasants in many districts have been forced to exist on legumes, as the crops of hops and cabbage have been ruined.

The meat and milk supplies also have been cut off, the army having taken the cattle.

It is declared absolutely essential that food be obtained from England, and it is hoped that the first shipment is now on the water.

Belgians of all classes appear disheartened. Old women and cripples may be seen sitting under their shattered homes in Malines nodding mutely at the cathedral with its shattered windows and tottering walls—damaged beyond repair by shell fire.

A WARNING FROM RUSSIA

Sent the Goeben and Breslau From the Black Sea.

Athens, via Rome, Oct. 27.—The former German cruisers Goeben and Breslau have re-entered the Bosphorus from the Black sea, owing to the recent warning which Russia sent to Turkey that she regarded the cruisers as German, despite the fact that they are now flying the Turkish flag. For that reason Russia announced that they would be destroyed by Russian warships if overhauled outside of territorial waters. The Russian fleet is now patrolling in the Black sea watching for the two cruisers.

Large Vessel Sunk by Mine. London, Oct. 27.—A vessel is in circulation here that a small vessel was sunk by a mine between Folkestone and Boulogne in the English channel. The report said it was thought that the vessel was a U-boat. Two thousand of the passengers on board were rescued. It is said that the vessel was sunk by a mine.

Dr. Jose P. Ruiz, former resident of Argentina, is dead.

MORE HEAVY FIRING HEARD

This Time Naval Battle is Reported Off Virginia Coast.

New York, Oct. 27.—A naval battle was fought off the Virginia coast last night, according to a wireless dispatch from the Steamship Saratoga of the Ward Line on her way from New York to Liverpool. The message said that heavy firing was heard about 240 miles south of the Scilly Islands, apparently off the Virginia coast. Searchlights were very prominent. Some twenty shots were fired from heavy caliber guns about twenty miles distant, toward shore.

Dr. Flower Pleads Guilty. New York, Oct. 27.—Dr. Richard C. Flower, promoter of mining enterprises, who, after being indicted here on a charge of larceny growing out of his transactions, evaded arrest from 1903 until he was caught in Toronto last week, pleaded guilty to two indictments charging him with grand larceny. He was remanded until Oct. 29 for sentence.

The Citizen

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KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION

No Whiskey Advertising

No Immodest News Items!

THE HEALTH MASTER

(Continued from Page One).

Dr. Strong, "I've seen cases of people drinking twenty to twenty-five glasses of that 'harmless' stuff every day. Of course, they were on the road to nervous smash-up. But the craving for it was established and they hadn't the nerve to stop."

"The soda-fountain as a public peril," said Mr. Clyde, with a smile.

"There's more in that than can be smiled away," retorted the doctor vigorously. "What between nerve-foods that are simply disguised 'bracers,' and dangerous heart-depressing dekes, like bromo-seltzer, the soda-fountain does its share of damage in the community."

"What about soda-water; that is innocent, isn't it?" asked Mrs. Clyde.

"Yes. If the syrups are pure, soda-water is a good thing; moderation. So are the mineral waters. But there is this to be said about soda-water and candy, particularly the latter—"

"I've always said," broke in Grandma Sharpless, "that candy-eating would ruin any digestion."

"Then you've always been wrong, ma'am," said Dr. Strong. "Candy, well and honestly made, is excellent food at the proper time. The trouble is, both with candy and with the heavy, rich soda-waters, that people are continually filling up with them between meals. Now the stomach is a machine with a great amount of work to do, and is entitled to some consideration. Clyde, what would happen to the machines in your factory, if you didn't give them proper intervals of rest?"

"They'd be very short-lived," said Mr. Clyde. "There's a curious thing about machinery which everybody knows but nobody understands: running a machine twenty-four hours a day for one week gives it harder wear than running it twelve hours a day for a month. It needs a regular rest."

"So with the machinery of digestion," said the doctor. "The stomach and intestines have their hard work after meals. How are they to rest up, if an odd lot of candy or a sash of rich ice-cream soda come sliding down between whiles to be attended to? Eat your candy at the end of a meal, if you want it. It's a good desert. But whatever you eat, give your digestion a fair chance."

"You can digest anything if you use Thingumbob Pills," observed Mr. Clyde sardonically. "The newspapers say so."

"That's the kind of doctrine that makes dyspeptics," retorted Dr. Strong. "The American stomach is the worst-abused organ in creation. Saliva is the true digestive. If people would take time to chew properly, half the dyspepsia-pill fakers would go out of business. If they'd take time to exercise properly, the other half would disappear."

"Liver pills were my regular dependence a few years ago," remarked Mr. Clyde. "Since I look up hand-ball I haven't needed them. But I suppose that half the business men in town think they couldn't live without drugging themselves two or three times a week."

"Undoubtedly. Tell the average American any sort of a lie in print, about his digestion, and he'll swallow it whole, together with the drug which the he is intended to sell. Look at the Cascaret advertising. Its tendency is to induce, not an occasional recourse to Cascaret, but steady use of them. Any man foolish enough to follow the advice of the advertisements would form a Cascaret habit and bring his diges-

tion into a state of slavery. That sort of appeal has probably ruined more digestions and spoiled more tempers than any devil-dogma ever put into type."

"Castor-oil is good enough for me," said Grandma Sharpless emphatically.

"It's good enough for anybody—that is to say, bad enough and nasty enough so that there isn't much danger of its being abused. But these infernal sugar-coated candy cathartics get a hold on a man's intestinal organization so that it can't do its work without 'em, and, Lord knows, it can't stand their stimulus indefinitely. Then along comes appendicitis."

"But some of the laxative medicines advertise to prevent appendicitis," said Mrs. Clyde.

Dr. Strong's face was very grim. "Yes, they advertise. Commercial travelers, because of their irregular habits, are great pill-guzzlers as a class. Appendicitis is a very common complaint among them. A Pittsburgh surgeon with a large practice among traveling men has kept records, and he believes that more than fifty per cent of the appendicitis cases he treats are caused by the 'liver-pill' and 'steady-cathartic' habit. He explains his theory in this way. The man begins taking the laxative to correct his bad habits of life. Little by little he increases his dose, as the digestive mechanism grows less responsive to the stimulus, until presently an overdose sets his intestines churning around with a violence never intended by nature. Then, under this abnormal peristalsis, as it is called, the appendix becomes infected, and there's nothing for it but the surgeon's knife."

"Would you have people run to the doctor and pay two dollars every time their stomach got a little out of kilter?" asked Mrs. Sharpless shrewdly.

"Run to the doctor; run to the minister; run to the plumber; run anywhere so long as you run far enough and fast enough," answered Dr. Strong with a smile. "A mile a day at a good clip, or three miles of brisk walking would be the beginning of the readjustment. Less food more slowly eaten and no strong liquors would complete the cure in nine cases out of ten. The tenth case needs the doctor; not the newspaper-and-drug-store pill."

"But all patent medicines aren't bad, are they?" asked Mrs. Clyde. "Some have very good testimonials."

"Bought or wheedled. Any medicine which claims to cure is a fraud and a swindle."

"Don't tell me, young man!" said Grandma Sharpless. "You doctors are prejudiced against patent medicines, but we old folks have used 'em long enough to know which are good and which are bad. Now I don't claim but what the Indian herb remedies and the 'ready receipts' and that lot are frauds. But my family was brought up on teeth-powders and soothing syrups."

"Then you're fortunate," said Dr. Strong sternly, "that none of them has turned out to be an opium tent."

The instant he said it, he saw, with sharp regret, that his shaft had sped true to the mark. The clear, dark red of a hair old ago faded from Grandma Sharpless's cheeks. Mr. Clyde shot a quick glance of warning at him.

"And speaking of Indian remedies," went on the doctor glibly, "I remember as a boy—"

"Stop a minute," said Grandma Sharpless steadily. "The truth is it's going to hurt me. Or, if it does hurt, maybe it's right it should. I had a younger brother who died in a sanitarium for drug-habit when he was twenty-four. As a child he pretty nearly lived on soothing syrups; had to have them all the time, because he was such a nervous little fellow; always having ear-ache and stomach-ache, until he was eight or nine years old. Then he got better and became a strong, active boy, and a robust man. After his college course he went to Philadelphia, and was doing well when he contracted the morphine habit—how or why, we never knew. It killed him in three years. Do you think—is it impossible that the soothing syrups—I've heard they have morphine in them—had anything to do with his ruin?"

"Why, Mrs. Sharpless," said the other, very gently, "I can only put it before you in this way. Here is one of the most subtle and enslaving of all drugs, morphine. It is fed to a child, in the plastic and formative years of life, regularly. What sure way could there be of planting the seeds of drug-habit? Suppose, for illustration, we substitute alcohol, which is far less dangerous. If you gave a child, from the time of his second year to his eighth, let us say, two or three drinks of whisky every day, and that child, when grown up, developed into a drunkard, would you think it strange?"

(Continued on page Three)

BACK TO THE BIBLE

"Knowledge of the Bible is declining among all classes, with an inevitable loss in the life of the country,"—Viscount Bryce, former British ambassador at Washington.

HOW THE POET BURNS WAS SET FREE

By ALBERT S. COOK, Ph.D., LL.D.

(Professor of English Language and Literature, Yale University.)

The Bible is the poor man's charter of freedom. What is it that makes the poor man free? What prevents him from being bought—that is to say, enslaved? What deters a tyrant from attempting to crush him? What enables him to hold up his head in any presence? Character. And there is no such nurse of well-knit, modest, quiet, decided, courageous character as the sense that one is a child of God, is under his defense and guidance, and that one can call upon him at any moment for counsel and support.

Robert Burns, born in the humblest of situations, bred to poverty and toil, is now considered one of the four chief representatives of the Scottish race. Until he was sixteen years old, his life, to use his own words, brought him "the cheerless gloom of a hermit-slave." Yet his name is today held in greater reverence, and uttered with more heartfelt love, than that of any king who ruled in his lifetime. How did he thus free himself, and, by asserting his manhood in song, hold up banner to every struggling peasant everywhere? I know no better answer than Burns has provided in his own poem, "The Cotter's Saturday Night," where he shows the place that the Bible held in the poor man's home—how it inspired trust, cheerfulness, self-respect, and mutual affection. After telling how the father—his father—"collects his spades, his mattocks, and his hoes," he relates how the members of the family gather, and partake of their frugal supper—oatmeal porridge, milk, and home-made cheese. The mother, at the table, rattles pleasantly on, and then—

The cheerful supper done, w' serious face,
They, round the ingle, form a circle wide;

The fire turns o'er, w' patriarchal grace,
The big, ha'-Bible, ance his father's pride,

He takes (chooses) a portion with judicious care,

And "Let us worship God!" he says, with solemn care.

The priest-like father reads the sacred page,

How Abram was the friend of God on high . . .

From scenes like these old Scotia's grandeur springs,

That makes her lov'd at home, rever'd abroad:

Princes and lords are but the breath of kings,

"An honest man's the noblest work of God."

(Copyright, 1914, by Joseph R. Bowles.)

GARGOYLE OF NOTRE DAME

Brave Men.



Cynical Youth—How women do love to stare at a hero!

Savage Bachelor—Yes; that is one reason why they always flock to wed dings.—Chicago News.

Sure.



"Jinks is a perfect clod in business." I suppose that is why he is continually being rusted." — Philadelphia Press.

A Friend's Guess.



"Choily Wobbles says he is a very popular fellow—that people are always running after him."

"Then they must be duns."—Philadelphia Press.

Lost Luster.



"My wife went and bought a hat just like the lady's next door, and now she doesn't like it."

"Why?"

"The lady next door has given hers to the cook."—Pittsburgh Press.

I wonder if a queen chews gum
When she is quite alone
And sticks her gum while reading some
Beneath her gilded throne?

—Kansas City Journal.

patch.

Is there any way of crossing the social chasm?
"Sure! Bridge!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Christian Finding His Place

By REV. J. H. RALSTON
Secretary of Correspondence Department
Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—"As thou hast sent me into the world, even so have I sent them into the world. . . . Then said Jesus to them again, Peace be unto you: as my Father hath sent me, even so send I you." John 13:18; 20:21.

The failure of

the church in

these days is

sometimes attribu-

ted to the wide

prevalence of ma-

terialism, formal-

ism, and departure

from the truth, but

may it not be

in the members

of the church not

properly recogni-

zing their mission,

which is very di-

rectly presented

in the text? The

two small words "as" and "so" are

found in the text, are very significant.

"As my Father hath sent me, even so

send I you." It is not for us to ex-

amine into the counsels of eternity,

but we know there was a purpose in

the sending of Jesus Christ to this

earth on the part of the Father, and a

willingness to perform that mission

by the Son, who said: "I am come to do thy will, O God." There are three

phases of the mission of Jesus Christ

that may help the Christian to under-

stand what his mission is.

1. Jesus was sent to exemplify a per-

fectly holy life.

We may indeed say

that God wanted to show the world

that there could be a perfect life in

one wearing the human body.

Jesus asked in his great intercessory prayer that his disciples might be sanctified through the truth, that is, made holy.

While we cannot get along without

the atonement of Jesus Christ by

death, we cannot get on without this

holy life. Jesus challenged his ene-

mies to charge him with any sin,

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator.

STOP, LOOK, LISTEN

The last call to the Big Berea Corn Show and Fair next Saturday, October 31.

This is the last time we shall have to invite you to the Corn Show and Fair also the Agricultural exhibit to be held here in Berea next Tuesday.

Every one interested in Agricultural improvement in this and surrounding counties cannot afford to miss this opportunity of seeing what is being done in the way of Agricultural progress in this section of the state.

Besides the Corn Show, which will be the largest and best ever held here, there will be a poultry exhibit, showing what the Poultry Clubs

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Length from deep water to deep water—50.5 miles.

Length on land—40.5 miles.

Length at summit level—31.7 miles.

Bottom width of channel—Maximum, 1,000 feet; minimum (in Culebra cut), 300 feet. Depth—minimum, 41 feet; maximum, 45 feet.

Summit Level—Eighty-five feet; above mean tide.

Locks in Pairs—Twelve.

Locks, Usable Length—One Thousand feet.

Gatun Lake, Area—163 square miles.

Gatun Lake—Channel Depth, 85 to 45 feet.

Concrete required—5,000,000 cubic yards.

Time of Transit Through Canal—10 to 12 hours.

Time of Passage Through Locks—Three hours.

Length of Heated Panama Railroad—46.2 miles.

Canal Zone, Area Owned by United States—About 322 square miles.

French Buildings Acquired—2,150.

French Buildings Used—1,597.

Value of Utilized French Equipment—\$1,000,000.

Canal Forces Average at Work During Construction—About 32,000.

Estimated Total Cost of Canal—\$450,000,000.

Work Begun by Americans—May 1, 1901.

OUR POSTAL SAVINGS.

The war in Europe is proving a big boon to postal savings in this country. From the very day hostilities opened across the seas postal-savings receipts began to increase.

THE HEALTH MASTER

(Continued from Page Two.)

"I'd think it strange if he did it."

"Apply the same logic to opium, or its derivative, morphine. There are a dozen preparations regularly used for children, containing opium, or morphine, such as Mrs. Whitlow's 'Soothering Syrup,' and Kopp's 'Baby Friend.' This is well known, and this is also a recognized fact that the morphine and opium habit is steadily increasing in this country. Is it not reasonable to infer a connection between the two?"

Further, some of the highest authorities believe that the use of these drugs in childhood predisposes to the drink habit also, later in life. The nerves are unsettled; they are habituated to a morbid craving, and, at a later period, that craving is liable to return in a changed manifestation."

"But a drug-store can't sell opium or morphine except on prescription, can it?" asked Mr. Clyde.

"It can in a patent medicine," replied the doctor. "That's one of the ugly phases of the drug business. Yet it's possible to find honest people who believe in these medicines and even give testimonials to them."

Some testimonials are hard to believe," said Mrs. Clyde, thankfully accepting the chance to shift the conversation to a less painful phase of the topic. "Old Mrs. Dibble in our church is convinced that she owes her health to Hall's Catarrh Cure."

Dr. Strong smiled sardonically. "That's the nostrum which offers one hundred dollars reward for any case it can't cure; and when a disgusted dupe tried to get the one hundred dollars, they said he hadn't given their remedy a sufficient trial: he'd taken only twenty-odd bottles. So your friend thinks that a useless mixture of alcohol and iodide of potassium fixed her, does she?"

"Why shouldn't she? She had a case of catarrh. She took three bottles of the medicine, and her catarrh is all gone."

"All right. Let's extend her line of reasoning to some other cases. While old Mr. Barker, around on Halsey Street, was very ill with

pneumonia last month, he fell out of bed and broke his arm."

"In two places," said Mrs. Sharpless. "I saw him walking up the street yesterday, all trussed up like a chicken."

"Quite recovered from pneumonia, however. Then there was little Mrs. Bowles; she had typhoid, you remember, and at the height of the fever a strange cat got into the room and frightened her into hysterics."

"But she got well," said Mrs. Clyde. "They're up in the woods now."

"Exactly. Moral (according to Mrs. Dibble's experience with Hall's Catarrh Cure): for pneumonia, try a broken arm; in case of typhoid, set a cat on the patient."

Mr. Clyde laughed. "I see," he said. "People get well in spite of these patent medicines, rather than by virtue of them. Post hoc, non propter hoc, as our lawyer friends say."

"You've got it. The human body keeps up a sort of drug-store of its own. As soon as disease fastens on it, it goes to work in a subtle and mysterious way, manufacturing a cure for that disease. If it's typhus, the body produces antitoxin, and we give it more to help it on. If it's jaundice, it produces a special quality of gastric juices to correct the evil conditions. In the vast majority of attacks, the body drives out the disease by its own efforts; yet, if the patient chances to have been idiot enough to take some quack 'cure' the credit goes to that medicine."

"Or to the doctor, if it's a doctor's case," suggested Grandma Sharpless, with a twinkle of malice.

"Show me a doctor who boasts 'I can cure you,' whether by word of mouth or in print, and I'll show you a quack," returned the other warmly.

"But what is a doctor for in a sick-room, if not to cure?" asked Mrs. Clyde.

"What is a captain for on a ship?" countered Dr. Strong. "He can't cure a storm, can he? But he can guide the vessel so that she can weather it. Well, our medical captains lose a good many commands; the storm is often too severe for human skill. But they save a good many, too, by skilful handling."

PROFITABLE SEED-CORN DRY HOUSE PLAN



Interior View of Seed Corn House at Piketon, Ohio.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The profits to be derived from the good preservation of seed corn have been put to practical tests by the office of corn investigations of the United States Department of Agriculture. The cuts show a building constructed solely for the purpose of preserving seed corn. It has a concrete basement and flue. Warm air passes from the basement through openings in the floor, ascends through the corn, and escapes through ventilators.

The growth of postal savings in the United States has been steady and healthy and the system has filled an important gap between the tin-can depository and the factory paymaster. On July 1, when affairs were running smoothly here and abroad and the transmission of money across the Atlantic was safe and expeditious, there was approximately \$13,000,000 of postal savings standing to the credit of about 388,000 depositors. Since then over \$10,000,000 of deposits have been added and the number of depositors has increased enormously.

The unexpected increase in postal-savings business has not only greatly added to the general administrative duties of the system, but has brought up many new and interesting problems which have called for the careful personal consideration of Postmaster General Burleson and Governor Dickey, Third Assistant Postmaster General. But their task has been lightened somewhat by the promptness of depository banks in furnishing additional security to meet the abnormal deposits. A number of the very largest banks in the country, which have heretofore declined to qualify as depositories for postal-savings funds, are now among the eager applicants for them.

THE HEALTH MASTER

(Continued from Page Two.)

"I'd think it strange if he did it."

"Apply the same logic to opium, or its derivative, morphine. There are a dozen preparations regularly used for children, containing opium, or morphine, such as Mrs. Whitlow's 'Soothering Syrup,' and Kopp's 'Baby Friend.' This is well known, and this is also a recognized fact that the morphine and opium habit is steadily increasing in this country. Is it not reasonable to infer a connection between the two?"

Further, some of the highest authorities believe that the use of these drugs in childhood predisposes to the drink habit also, later in life. The nerves are unsettled; they are habituated to a morbid craving, and, at a later period, that craving is liable to return in a changed manifestation."

"But a drug-store can't sell opium or morphine except on prescription, can it?" asked Mr. Clyde.

"It can in a patent medicine," replied the doctor. "That's one of the ugly phases of the drug business. Yet it's possible to find honest people who believe in these medicines and even give testimonials to them."

Some testimonials are hard to believe," said Mrs. Clyde, thankfully accepting the chance to shift the conversation to a less painful phase of the topic. "Old Mrs. Dibble in our church is convinced that she owes her health to Hall's Catarrh Cure."

Dr. Strong smiled sardonically. "That's the nostrum which offers one hundred dollars reward for any case it can't cure; and when a disengaged dupe tried to get the one hundred dollars, they said he hadn't given their remedy a sufficient trial: he'd taken only twenty-odd bottles. So your friend thinks that a useless mixture of alcohol and iodide of potassium fixed her, does she?"

"Why shouldn't she? She had a case of catarrh. She took three bottles of the medicine, and her catarrh is all gone."

"All right. Let's extend her line of reasoning to some other cases. While old Mr. Barker, around on Halsey Street, was very ill with

pneumonia last month, he fell out of bed and broke his arm."

"In two places," said Mrs. Sharpless. "I saw him walking up the street yesterday, all trussed up like a chicken."

"Quite recovered from pneumonia, however. Then there was little Mrs. Bowles; she had typhoid, you remember, and at the height of the fever a strange cat got into the room and frightened her into hysterics."

"But she got well," said Mrs. Clyde. "They're up in the woods now."

"Exactly. Moral (according to Mrs. Dibble's experience with Hall's Catarrh Cure): for pneumonia, try a broken arm; in case of typhoid, set a cat on the patient."

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WOULD RAISE AGE LIMIT FOR LABOR

AUSTRIAN SCIENTIST POINTS OUT DANGERS TO SOCIETY UNDER THE PRESENT LAW.

TOO MUCH OF OVERSTRAIN

Sixteen, He Thinks, Almost Too Early an Age to Enter Industrial Work—St. Louis Central Trades & Labor Union Protests Against the War.

Vienna.—Child labor and tuberculosis as an industrial disease are being studied by the head of the newly-established chair of social medicine of the University of Vienna. He found that in Germany as well as in Austria there is an unduly high tuberculosis rate among youthful wage-earners. He has shown that sickness increases among children who leave school for work. The increase during the first year of work is not great, but in the second and third years it is pronounced, and in the fourth year is higher than the first.

He found that disease is produced in working children not only by improper conditions of labor—heat, dust, insufficient light, stagnant air—but also by the work itself—the physical overstrain placed on an underdeveloped organism which should have its energies conserved for growth. After studying the problem at first hand and seeing all efforts to prevent the disastrous effect of labor on underdeveloped children fail, he finds no remedy save the raising of the age limit for

employment.

The age of sixteen, he thinks, is early enough for children to enter industrial work; and even at sixteen the transition from school life to industrial life should not be too abrupt.

St. Louis.—The Central Trades & Labor Union has protested against the European war in strong pamphlets and resolutions. The ruling powers are condemned for unloading the burdens of militarism upon the working people and the war is stigmatized as the greatest crime in civilization. Arbitration is favored as a method of settling international disputes.

Columbus, O.—At a meeting of the executive board of the Ohio Federation of Labor it was decided to prepare, in conjunction with the railroad brotherhoods, a pre-primary bulletin giving complete records of candidates for United States senator, judges of the supreme court and other state officers.

Petrograd (St. Petersburg).—The number of manufacturing establishments (exclusive of mines) under factory inspection in Russia was 17,356 in 1912, with 2,151,191 operatives, as against 16,600, with 2,051,198 operatives in 1911.

Here are some suggestions which each individual factor in the process may follow with profit to the whole:

Suggestions for the Farmer.

1. Improve your poultry stock.

2. Keep one of the general-purpose breeds, such as the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Orpington or Rhode Island Red.

3. Provide one clean, dry, vermin-free nest for every four or five hens.

4. Conclude oil hatching by June 1 and sell or confine male birds during the remainder of the summer.

5. Gather eggs once daily during ordinary times and twice daily during hot or rainy weather.

6. In summer place eggs as soon as gathered in a cool, dry room.

7. Use all small and dirty eggs at home.

8. Market eggs frequently, twice a week if possible, during the summer.

9. In taking eggs to market protect them from the sun's rays.

10. In selling, insist that the transaction be on a quality basis, for if care has been given the eggs, this system will yield more money to the producer.

Suggestions for the Country Merchant and Cash Buyer.

1. Candle and buy on a quality basis.

2. Allow the farmer to see you candle his eggs.

3. Pack carefully in strong, clean cases and fillers.

4. Do not keep eggs in a musty cellar or near oil barrels or other odiferous merchandise.

5. Ship daily during warm weather.

Suggestions to the Railroad.

1. Provide a covered portion of station platform where cases of eggs can be stacked, and see that the agent stacks them there.

2. Provide refrigeration for the eggs on the local freight.

3. Where refrigerator cars are used on local freights, see that the doors are kept closed when not loading.

4. If refrigeration cannot be supplied, provide stock cars for this purpose during the summer.

5. Where box cars are used for eggs do not allow freight which may hurt their quality, such as oil barrels, to be loaded in the same car.

Suggestions for the Car-Lot Shipper.

1. Buy strictly on a quality basis.

2. Encourage the smaller buyers to trade on a quality basis.

3. Join the State Car-Lot Shippers' association.

4. Co-operate with other shippers and with

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEEA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

BRECK & EVANS
RICHMOND, KY.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT,
AND LIVE STOCK
INSURANCE

See the New Life Policy.

THE OGG STUDIOO. C. PURKEY, Prop.
High Class Photographs,
Enlarging, Kodak Finishing
Picture Framing
Over Berea Bank and Trust Co.**WATCHES BARGAINS WATCHES**

Go to Marcia's to get your jewelry. Everything guaranteed. Prices the lowest, quality considered.

Next door to Clarkston's Hardware, Main Street.

L. & N. TIME TABLE

North Bound, Local

Knoxville 7:00 a. m. 10:55 p. m.
BEREA 1:07 p. m. 3:54 a. m.

Cincinnati 6:15 p. m. 7:45 a. m.

South Bound, Local

Cincinnati 6:40 a. m. 8:15 p. m.

BEREA 12:37 p. m. 12:25 a. m.

Knoxville 7:00 p. m. 5:50 a. m.

Express Train

No 32 will stop to take on passengers for Knoxville and points beyond.

South Bound

Cincinnati 8:00 a. m.

BEREA 11:45 a. m.

No. 32 will stop at Berea to take on passengers for Cincinnati, O., and points beyond.

North Bound

BEREA 4:55 p. m.

Cincinnati 8:50 p. m.

COMING EVENTS

October

31. Berea Corn Show.

November

11. Lyceum Number—Strickland Gillian.

21. Lyceum Number—Reading; Isabell Garghill Beecher.

26. Thanksgiving Day. 9:45 a. m. Procession. 10:00 a. m. Thanksgiving Sermon and Praise meeting. 2:00 p. m. Sports. 4:30 p. m. Departmental Receptions. 5:15 p. m. Dinner and Toasts.

War has been declared on high prices at Welch's. (ad)

Hats! Hats! Ladies' Hats! at Mrs. Laura Jones, Chestnut St., Berea, Ky. Noby school hats for girls and ladies at 50 and 75 cents. Ladies' tasty black and white sailor trimmed \$2.00 to \$2.50. (ad)

A number of the young women of the college department went on a two days camping trip to the bungalow on Indian Fort Mountain, starting last Saturday. They were: the Misses Stevens, Stamm, Holliday, Huff, Beechey, Dizney, DeBord, Eagle and Shireman. The Misses Parker and Hill chaperoned. The girls had a splendid time and are enthusiastic to repeat the excursion some time.

Mr. Randolph Sellers writes from Columbus, Ohio, that he is now enrolled as a post graduate student in Ohio State University and doing nicely. He is president of the O. S. U. Prohibition Association which will take active part in the big fight now on in Ohio, against the liquor interests.

Gasoline irons at Welch's. (ad)

The Messrs. Chapman and Evans, Miss Lynn and the Mesdames Hawthorne, Boss, Evans and Chapman, were members of an auto party from Richmond, who were guests at the Tavern last week.

Mr. Burritt Fee of Clarksburg, Ind., is an expected guest of the Welch home this week.

Mr. Robert Davis and sister, Virginia, spent week's end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Davis, of Lexington.

Miss Lou Phillips, accompanied by Miss Jaunita Garriot, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Phillips, at Wildie.

Misses Lillian and Mae Smith were in Richmond Thursday on business.

Mr. T. J. Coyle was a business visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Hishiro and Mrs. Lucy Gordon who have been visiting in Berea and at Big Hill, returned to Lexington last Thursday.

Mr. Howard H. Harrison and Mr. Ray Maharg were in Rockcastle Co. at the first of the week in the interest of the Corn Show which occurs Saturday, Oct. 31st.

The college and vocational teams played a practice game of football last Thursday afternoon with a score of 9 to 0 in favor of the Vocational men.

Mrs. Cook has moved from Center St. into the home of her daughter, Mrs. Serings on Boone St. Mrs. Maggie Golden is occupying Mrs. Cook's house at present.

Get that aluminum cooking ware at Welch's. (ad)

Mr. Sherman Flint of Magoffin Co. and Mr. Henj. H. Garley of Garden City, N. C., entered the Vocational Department last week.

Monday afternoon a party of college workers attended a fair at Mrs. Abney school at Mallory Springs. The party consisted of See, and Mrs. Vaughn, Misses Tyler and Sinclair, Messrs. Baird and Whitehouse; and Mr. Spence in company with Dr. Robinson made the trip in an automobile.

Pure lard in 50lb cans at Welch's for \$6.00. (ad)

Mrs. Abney is working hard for her school and should have the cooperation of every patron in the district.

Mrs. Laura Jones has in new hats and shapes every week while the season lasts. Bought late and can give you a splendid hat for the lowest price. Call and see her. (ad)

Last Thursday, the Priscilla Club met at Mrs. L. A. Davis' home on Center Street.

Mrs. W. H. Duncan and children are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Kearns in Winchester.

Miss Sara Ely, who is nurse at Witterspoon College hospital, of Buckhorn, has returned to her work at Buckhorn after a short visit with her mother, Mrs. Jane Ely and friends.

Mrs. W. H. Duncan and children are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Mr. W. H. Bower left for Jackson, Wednesday on business.

Portland Cement at Welch's 55c.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jones are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Botkin were in Richmond, Thursday.

Mrs. Edward Edwards of Jamesport, Mo., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Best and brother Mr. R. H. Christian.

All cereals fresh at Cornett's Grocery. (ad)

The Epworth League of the M. E. Church will have a genuine, old-fashioned "Plunkin" pie supper at the new graded school auditorium, Friday evening, Nov. 6th. Every one invited to attend. There will be splendid music and good program which will interest all who come.

Mr. and Mrs. John Parrett spent Sunday with relatives in Rockcastle County.

Down, down, down the prices go at Welch's. (ad)

Mrs. Lou Hanson, who has been visiting with her sisters at Wagner, Okla., for some time writes that she will start for Kentucky the last of this week stopping at Augusta for a visit before she returns home.

Stoves, stoves, stoves at Welch's. Any kind, any price. (ad)

Mrs. Chas. Burdette and son, John, returned Tuesday from a four weeks visit with her mother, Mrs. Fannie Campbell of Kingston, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Cornelison moved Monday to Paint Lick where Mr. Cornelison will have charge of the telephone.

Don't forget you can always get the best hat for your money at Mrs. Laura Jones. Every one will tell you that. Ask them. (ad)

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Spurlock of Harlan, Ky., came last week to see Mrs. Spurlock's mother who is very ill. Call Cornett's Grocery. (ad)

Prof. and Mrs. Carl Hiltz entertained Misses Mary Fee, Hilda Welch, Mr. John Welch, Prof. Messner and Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Vaughn at a dinner party Tuesday evening.

Get that stove at Welch's. (ad)

Mr. William Evans spent Sunday in Richmond.

Rev. D. W. Brown of the M. E. Church attended the State Sunday School Convention at Lexington last week.

Why don't you trade at Cornett's Grocery. (ad)

Eggs now 20c at Welch's. (ad)

Miss Fox of Narrow Gap was in town Saturday on business.

Mr. D. H. Irreec and family were in town Monday on business. Last Sunday was Rally Day at M. E. Church. The attendance reached the two hundred mark and the program and decorations were enjoyed very much by all who were there. New goods daily at Cornett's. (ad)

Miss Grace Cornelius spent the last of last week in Richmond with relatives and friends.

Mr. Bob Eagle was in Richmond Thursday.

Who said high prices? They have been cut to pieces at Welch's. (ad)

We believe our Fall stocks comprise the very things that college men and young men will want to wear. The most exacting tastes will surely meet with satisfaction here.

J. S. STANIFER RICHMOND, KENTUCKY

Very Smart are the new

Fall Suits, \$18, \$25 and down to \$12, \$15
Balmacans, \$10 to \$20
Mackinaws, \$8 to \$12
Florsheim Shoes, \$5, \$6
Tucked Shirts, \$1, \$1.50, \$2

J. S. STANIFER**BARGAINS IN MAGAZINES**

Special prices on Magazines, good only until November 10. Place your order with M. L. Spink at once and save 1/2 to 1/3 on your reading matter. (ad-18)

the Main Chapel Friday morning. Mr. Porter is a very interesting speaker and all who heard him while he was here were greatly pleased. He promised to return to Berea at a later date and lecture to the student body as he had planned this time. We will certainly be glad to welcome him back again as we know he will leave a message that will keep.

A PRE-HALLOWEEN SUPPER

The hospitable doors of the Welch home swung wide open on Wednesday evening last, ushering in a delightful Pre-Hallowe'en supper in honor of Miss Mary Fee, Churckburg, Ind., and Miss Eleanor Morgan, Hatboro, Pa., who is visiting the Taylors on her return from a six month's trip in the Northwest.

The table decorations were in perfect taste and the supper most sumptuous. Imps and elves stared and grinned with all glee from behind every dish. A huge pumpkin suspended from the chandelier over the table, containing favors for each. The crackle of the cheerful open grate fire added zest to the occasion.

Seated at the table also were: Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hunt, Mrs. Sami Welch, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Taylor, Miss Hilda Welch and Mr. John Welch.

WOMAN'S INDUSTRIAL

The opening meeting for the season of the Woman's Industrial will be on Friday, Oct. 30th, at 1 p. m.

MONEY LOST

The finder of an envelope containing these small bills will be rewarded by returning it to Prof. L. V. Dodge. (ad)

Fish's Millinery

The Style and Quality Line
Main and Center Sts., Berea, Ky.

The New Garments For Ladies'

Coats,
Suits,
Dresses,
Shirt Waists

SKIRTS, \$1.98 to \$7.98
In the Newest ModesHATS and EVERYTHING
For Ladies' Wear**B. E. BELUE & COMPANY**

Richmond, Kentucky

THE CASH STORES**FALL EXHIBIT**

Of the Correct New Styles in Men's and Boys'

Ready-to-wear Clothes
Hats, Shoes and Fine Furnishings

is now ready and complete and we can say with pardonable pride that never before have we or any other store in Berea shown such extensive assortments or such attractive values. We earnestly invite your inspection of the new goods whether you intend to buy or not, and should you wish to buy our assortments are surely large enough and our values good enough to certainly please you.

HAYES & GOT

"The Cash Store"

BEREA

KENTUCKY

SEE CLARKSTON FOR

Hardware and Groceries

MAIN STREET, Near Bank

Berea Bank & Trust Co.

Main Street, Berea, Kentucky

Just to remind you of our Savings Department

4 per cent interest paid on any amount for any length of time in this department

JOHN DEAN, Cashier

A Complete Line of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, LADIES' and MEN'S FURNISHINGS

SPECIAL PRICES ON
Ladies' Suits Men's Suits
Ladies' Coats Boys' Suits

RICHARDSON & COYLE

Main Street - - - - - Berea, Kentucky

College News

DEATH OF EDWIN R. STEARNS

Mr. Edwin R. Stearns of Cincinnati, of the Stearns and Foster Co., for twenty years a trustee of Berea, died at his residence in Wyoming, Ohio, last Saturday morning. The burial was on Monday. President Frost and Treasurer Osborn, Hon. Guy W. Mallon of the Board of Trustees, and Prof. Henry M. Pennington attended the brief memorial services.

Mr. Stearns was a graduate of Yale. He was identified with many of the charities of Cincinnati, and greatly beloved for his generous interest in the welfare of his neighbors and the whole community. Berea College sustains an irreparable loss in his death.

ACADEMY vs. VOCATIONAL

The Academy and Vocational football squads met last Monday afternoon for the first regular game of this season's series. The game proved somewhat one-sided, and a decided victory for the Academy men owing to their superior training. The score stood 27 to 0, at the close of the last half. There was no feature playing on either side it proving more a matter of team work than of individual playing. The Academy department has a strong team which bids fair for the season's championship. The series will be played by the various department squads—Foundation, Normal, Vocational, Academy and College, each playing three games. The championship is decided Thanksgiving giving when the final game of the season is played.

The Academy line-up was as follows: Phillips, R.H., Wayne, L.H., Curry, E.B., Hembree, Q.B., Aaron, C.A., Smith, L.G., Hughes, R.G., Giles, L.T., Baird, R.T., Hunt, L.E., Godfrey, R.T. Four subs, Campbell, Brumagh, Powers and Ginn played in the third quarter.

The Vocational line-up was: Smith, G., Tipton, R.G., Farmer, R.T., Fielder, R.E., Deadrich, L.G., Clark, L.T., Allen, L.E., Bowlan, R.H., Britt, F.B., Evans, Q.B., McCann, L.H. Messrs. Carroll Watson and Aiden Ogg umpired the game.

A TRIPLE ENTENTE

Last Friday evening seemed especially auspicious for social events to those of the College department for there were three class parties held in the one evening.

The Freshman Class, President Mr. Harrold Stohl, gathered at Professor Rumold's House and were delightfully entertained for the evening.

The Junior Class, president, Mr. Harrell Hoagland, met at Mr. Hudson's House on Jackson St., and made merry for the evening with games, songs, and good things to eat.

The Seniors assembled at 6:30 in the Domestic Science room of the enlisted in so good a cause.

UNION CHURCH NEWS.

Next Sunday is Communion Sunday. Secy. and Mrs. Vaughn, Prof. Messner, Misses Alzenhofer, Higgins and Harwood were received into membership last Sunday.

The Rev. S. C. Johnson and wife are holding a series of meetings at Narrow Gap.

G. E. Prayer Meeting Topic for Nov. 1st. Twelve Great Verses, XI. The Work Verse, Ecc. 9:10 (Consecration Meeting.)

DINNER PARTY

Prof. and Mrs. Jas. P. Faulkner, recently married, received a welcome to their home on Jackson St. in the form of a dinner party at the home of Prof. and Mrs. LeVan Dodge, on Monday evening last. The other guests were Dr. and Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. Virginia Sellers of Philadelphia, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hallett of Pittsburgh, Pa., Miss Christine McEwan of Wellsville, N. Y., and Miss Mary E. Welsh of the College.

FUR COAT LOST.

Baby's white fur coat lost between Boone St. and Walnut Meadow Pike. Any one finding same please return to R. A. Engle and be rewarded.

(ad-19) Mrs. Walter Viars.

EFFICIENCY CONFERENCE

Tuesday, Nov. 3rd, is the date for the Efficiency Conference in the M. E. Church of Berea. The initial meeting will be held in the church at 10 o'clock a.m. meetings also in the afternoon at 2 o'clock and preaching at 7 p.m.

All the officials of the church and the public are invited. Among the prominent speakers who will be in attendance on the conference will be Rev. J. M. McLean, D.D., Lexington, Ky., Rev. Wm. Jones, Ludlow, Ky., and Rev. O. G. Ragan, Lexington, Ky.

Another week has come and it will end in Berea with a big Corn Show and Fair. You cannot spend the day better than at Berea on that day. If you bring an extra dollar with you we will give you a year's subscription to The Citizen and a "lapa" of two months.

COLUMBUS BUGGIES and MOGULL WAGONS

Are the late arrivals which add two more members to the big family—American Fence, Oliver Chilled Plows, Foster Rangers and V. C. Fertilizers. Sold exclusively by

R. H. CHRISMAN

"The Furniture Man"

Chestnut Street - - - - -

Berea, Kentucky

CONGRATULATIONS

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lengellner and Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Scrivner are both receiving the congratulations of their friends over the arrival of baby daughters in their respective homes. They were both given their reception at the College Hospital and Oct. 28 will always be celebrated jointly as their birthday.

FARM FOR SALE

300 acre farm bound to sell in Clay County, on head of Sexton Creek. One half well-timbered, remainder in cultivation. A good 2 story house and very good outbuildings, orchard, 2 gardens, good water, good wool, everything convenient—School, Church, Etc. Six miles from R. R. I mean to sell at a bargain. If interested call on or write, D. B. Robinson, Dathia, Ky. (ad-19)

To Don Cotton Gowns to Aid Planters. Mrs. Anna Kincaid Deno of Yazoo City, La., has appealed to women of the south to aid cotton planters by wearing cotton gowns. More than a score of New Orleans women noted for their gowns have agreed to discard silks and fine clothes for cotton. The movement promises to be widespread.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the November term of the Madison County Court, which is the second day of November, W. W. Bush, and others will petition the Madison County Court to establish a new road viz:

To begin on the Barker lane at a point just south of the residence of John Hawkins, and to run thence in a westerly direction over the lands of W. W. Bush, a distance of about one-fourth of a mile, so as to connect with the present county road leading to the Berea and Kingston Pike at a point near Hickory Plains School House. J. G. Baxter, (ad-18) County Road Engineer.



An Automobile Free to You

If you are lucky enough to submit the best article on

"Why 'Auto Boy' Suits are Better"

It costs you nothing to try. This machine is given away by the makers of "Auto Boy" Suits, for which we are local agents.

Price \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.50

Bring in your boy, and let us fit him out. He will look well, feel good, and make you proud of him, in "Auto Boy" Clothes.

Contest blanks free.

RICHARDSON & COYLE
Berea, - - - - - Kentucky

The individual stands back of the whole thing. The newspaper is the medium through which sentiment is voiced. We have on our desk a letter from the Joint Committee, Kentucky Brewers, Distillers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers Association, asking us to present to our readers "Authenticated facts and figures showing why it would be detrimental to the interest of Kentucky and her people to vote for State-wide prohibition, and just why it is for their welfare to maintain the licensed and lawful liquor traffic now remaining in the state." We can always find more room in the wastebasket than in our columns for such matter that is decidedly poisonous to the minds of our readers. You may rest assured we shall not be guilty of giving you, our readers, anything that will be to your detriment.

PLEASANT SURPRISE

Mrs. Steenrod, on Wednesday evening, on the occasion of their third wedding anniversary, gave a pleasant surprise to Mr. Steenrod by inviting a number of their friends to a bounteous dinner such as Mrs. Steenrod is capable of preparing. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Joe Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. George Dick, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Wertenberger.

Joe W. Stephens

Meat Market

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES

Fruits and Vegetables

Mill Feed, Flour and Meal

OUR AIM IS TO PLEASE.

GIVE US A CALL

Main Street, Berea

IF YOU PURPOSE

Opening a new bank account or shifting your old one, think "Berea National"—a clean, growing bank that is seeking your business on its record.

Capital \$25,000. Surplus and profits \$26,500.

BEREA NATIONAL BANK

Berea, Kentucky

A Wise Man

The wise man always prepares for a run of hard luck. Anybody can get along when prices are good, when work is plentiful, when crops are good, when business is brisk, then it's all easy enough.

But the prudent, conservative, careful man looks into the future and steadily piles up a balance at the bank to be used as a reserve in case of disaster. Rest assured that the weather will not always be fair. Our bank is a good bank. We invite you to keep your reserve with us.

JACKSON COUNTY BANK

McKee, Kentucky

STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC.,

REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF AUGUST 24, 1912

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C. H. WERTENBERGER, Managing Editor.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29th day of October, 1914.
JOHN F. DEAN, Notary Public
(My commission expires January 28th, 1918)

The Land of Broken Promises

By DANE COOLIDGE

A Stirring Story of the Mexican Revolution

Author of
"THE FIGHTING FOOL," "HIDDEN WATERS,"
"THE TEXICAN," Etc.

Illustrations by DON J. LAVIN

(Copyright, 1914, by Frank A. Munsey.)

"What have you not heard of the battle?" cried portly Don Juan, delighted to have a fresh listener. "Agua Negra has been taken and retaken, and the railroad will soon be repaired. My gracious! have you been out in the hills that long? Why, it was two weeks ago that the rebels captured the town by a coup, and eight days later the federals took it back."

"Ah, there has been a real war, Mr. Bud! You who have laughed at the courage of the Mexicans, what do you think of Bernardo Bravo and his men? They captured the last up train from Fortuna; loaded all the men into the ore cars and empty coaches; and, while the federals were still in their barracks, the train ran clear into the station and took the town by storm."

"And eight days later, at sundown, the federals took it back. Ah, there was awful slaughter averted, señor! But for the fact that the fuse went out two hundred Yaqui Indians who had the charge would have been blown into eternity."

"Yes, so great was the charge of dynamite that the rebels had laid in their mine that not a house in Agua Negra would have been left standing if the fuse had done its work. Two tons of dynamite! Think of that, my friend!"

"But these rebels were as ignorant of its power as they were of laying a train. The Yaquis walked into the town at sundown and found it deserted—every man, woman and child had fled to Gadsden and the rebels had fled to the west."

"But listen, here was the way it happened—actually, and not as common report has it, for the country is still in an uproar and the real facts were never known. When Bernardo Bravo captured the town of Agua Negra the people acclaimed his a hero."

"He sent word to the junta at El Paso and set up a new form of government. All was enthusiasm, and several Americans joined his ranks to operate the machine guns and can-



The Artillery Drove Them Back.

non. As for the federals, they occupied the country to the east and attempted a few sallies, but as they had nothing but their rifles, the artillery drove them back.

Then, as the battle ceased, the rebels began to celebrate their victory. They broke into the closed cantinas, disobeying their officers and beginning the loot of the town, and while half of their number were drunk the federals, being informed of their condition, suddenly advanced upon them, with the Yaquis far in the lead.

"They did not shoot, those Yaquis; but, dragging their guns behind them, they crept up through the bushes and dug pits quite close to the lines. Then, when the rebels discovered them and manned their guns, the Yaquis shot down the gunners.

"Growing bolder, they crept farther to the front—the rebels became disorganized, their men became mutinous—and at last, when they saw they would surely be taken, the leaders buried two tons of dynamite in the trenches by the hull-ring and set a time-fuse, to explode when the Yaquis arrived.

"The word spread through the town like wildfire—all the people, all the soldiers fled every which way to escape—and then, when the worst was expected to happen, the dynamite failed to explode and the Yaquis rushed the trenches at sundown."

"Did those Yaquis know about the dynamite?" inquired Bud.

"Know?" repeated Don Juan, waving the thought away; "not a word! Their commanders kept it from them, even after they discovered the mine. And now the Indians are making boasts; they are drunk with the thought of their valor and claim that the rebels fled from them alone."

"The roadmaster came into town this morning on a velocipede and said,

that the Yaquis are insufferable, thinking that it was their renown as fighters and not the news of the dynamite that drove all the soldiers from town.

"However, Agua Negra is once more in the hands of the government; the track is clear and most of the bridges repaired; so why quarrel with the Yaquis? While they are, of course, nothing but Indians, they serve their purpose in battle."

"Well, I guess yes!" responded Bud warmly. "Serve their purpose, eh? Where were these Mexican soldiers and their Spanish officers when the Yaquis were taking the town? And that was just like a dog-gone Mexican—setting that time-fuse and then not having it go off. More's likely the poor yap that fired it was so scared he couldn't hold a match—probably never lit it, just dropped the match and run. They're a bum bunch, if you want to know what I think. I'd rather have a Yaqui than a hundred of 'em!"

"A hundred of whom?" inquired a cool voice behind him, and looking up Hooker saw the beautiful Gracia gazing out at him through the screen door.

"A hundred Mexicans!" he repeated, and Gracia murmured "Oh!" and was gone.

"Miss Aragon is very loyal to her country," observed Don Juan, but Hooker only grunted.

Somehow, since those four Mexicans had come to his camp, he had soured on everything south of the line; and even the charming Gracia could not make him take back his words.

It would make a rich prize, Fortuna, if they could take it by surprise! The ransom for the Spanish hacendados alone would amount to thousands of dollars, and the mine-owners could afford to pay anything in order to save their works.

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If they could take it

IN THE HOME



VERSE FOR THIS WEEK

O power to do; O baffled will!
O prayer and action! ye are one.
Who may not strive, may yet fulfill
The harder task of standing still,
And good but wished with God is
done.

—J. G. Whittier.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

But for some trouble and sorrow, we
should never know half the good there
is about us.

Poverty has its whines and shows of
taste, as wealth has.—Dickens.

IDEAL SCHOOL LUNCHEON.

Ideals are like stars, we may not
reach them, but they are fine guides.

A good luncheon
for any child is
one which is easy to
digest, so that
when he goes back
to study the brain
will be ready to ac-
complish its work.

The most popu-
lar kindergarten luncheon is fruit. A
dainty sandwich of home-made bread
with a filling of sliced bananas and nut-
meats, with an orange, is a most attrac-
tive and delicious luncheon. Other
combinations of sandwich filling are
chopped dates, with an apple to eat
with the sandwich. Fig and walnut
sandwich with a pear, or a bunch of
grapes with a jelly sandwich. These
may be given in rotation, so that there
need be no monotony. A fetching lit-
tle basket will help a great deal in
the pleasure of a lunch. Oranges may be
peeled and each section wrapped in
paper. Pears and apples may be
cored and put together with tooth-
picks. All sandwiches should be like-
wise wrapped in oiled paper.

If proper attention is given to com-
bining a sweet sandwich with a sour
fruit and a sweet fruit with a sour
sandwich, candy will not be so much
craved. A little candy at the end of a
meal is all right, but it should never
be eaten first.

A generous piece of candy after the
noon meal will generally satisfy the
natural desire of every child for
sweets.

When sweet fruits are not to be
served, cookies and gingerbread will
take their place. A sandwich filling of
chopped peanuts and mayonnaise
dressing will be a good one to accom-
pany the cake.

For the older boy or girl who can-
not go home for the noon meal a greater
variety and more substantial food
should be served. Sandwiches, of
course, may be so filling and of such
a variety that one need not fear a lack
of variety.

On cold days more sugar and fats
should be served. In warm weather
lemonade and grape juice are better
drinks than hot milk or cocoa. A cake
of maple sugar or a square of milk
chocolate is far better for any child
than pie or rich cake.

Nellie Maxwell.
SOUPS EASY TO MAKE

PALATABLE AND ECONOMICAL
ADDITIONS TO THE MENU.

Enable Housewife to Utilize Leftover
Materials Which Could Not Be
Otherwise Employed—Three
of the Best Recipes.

Prices of foodstuffs are keeping
wonderfully normal, but it behoves
the housekeeper in these uncertain
times to learn to make the very best
use of the supplies which she obtains,
so that she can supply nutritious
meals at the lowest possible cost.
Soups provide a great deal of nutri-
tion, and in making them cooked
bones, whether of meat or fish, make
a really good basis for the stock,
while the water in which vegetables
have been cooked is also excellent for
soups.

Into the stock pot can go all meat
trimmings, bones, entrails and gib-
lets of poultry and game, all rinds
and trimmings of tongue, ham and
bacon, all liquids in which meat or
vegetables have been cooked and all
stringings of vegetables.

All these should be properly trim-
med, rinsed and put into the stock
pot. Skim, but do not boil the
soup. Ten minutes' rapid boiling will
cloud a kettleful of soup. Do not add
the vegetables until the last hour of
cooking. The delicate flavoring of
both meat and vegetables is easily

driven off in the steam if they are
boiled rapidly or cooked too long.

An easily prepared and cheap soup
is made as follows: Place some bones,
cooked or uncooked, in a pot with
an onion, two carrots and two sliced
turnips, two stalks of parsley, a little
pepper and salt, and pour in sufficient
water to just cover them all. Bring
this all just to a boil, then draw the
pot to the side of the fire, and let the
contents simmer for two to three
hours. Now cook and blend one-half
an ounce of dripping and three-fourths
ounce of flour. Strain the liquor on to
this, stirring well. Then put all back
on to the fire and simmer for fifteen
minutes, and serve.

To make an inexpensive vegetable
soup slice down half a carrot, half a
turnip and one onion and fry them
in one-half an ounce of clarified drip-
ping for five minutes; then lift them
out, make the fat hot again and fry
in one-half an ounce of flour until
a brown color. Take the pan from
the fire, add one and one-half pints of
stock, stirring over the fire until it
boils and is smooth, then put in the
vegetables, a bunch of herbs and a little
salt, and let all simmer until the
vegetables are tender. Lift out the
bunch of herbs and serve the soup.

This is a good onion soup: Peel
and cut up rather small three good-
sized onions and cook them in two
ounces of dripping in a covered pan
for one hour until tender, then mol-
ten with one and a half pints of hot
water in which a cauliflower or beans
have been cooked or even plain wa-
ter. Add some slices of bread cut
diagonally and season with pepper
and salt. Cover the pan again and
let the contents simmer for at least
an hour. Crush the onions through
a sieve and just before serving gradu-
ally add a tablespoonful of grated
cheese, stirring rapidly into the soup
to blend.

Epicurean Croquettes.

Soak a finnan haddie one hour, us-
ing milk and water in equal parts to
cover, then put in oven and let stand
for 30 minutes; drain and separate
into flakes. There should be one and
three-fourths cupfuls. Cook one table-
spoonful of chopped shallot, two table-
spoonfuls each of chopped green and
red peppers in three tablespoonfuls of
butter five minutes; add one-third of a
cupful of flour and one cupful of milk.
Stir in finnan haddie, add one-half tea-
spoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful
of paprika and a few grains of pepper.
Cool, shape, crumb and fry.

Pickled Fish.

Cut the fish up into convenient
pieces, rub them well with salt, and
let them lie for a few hours. Then
put in a pan with water to cover them
and bring to a boil. When boiling
move the kettle back where they will
roll slowly from three to five minutes,
but not longer, or the fish will fall to
pieces. Lift the pieces out carefully
and pack them in a crock, putting a
thin layer of sliced onions between
each layer of fish, and while still hot
pour cold spiced vinegar over to cover
them.

Sour Milk Johnny Cake.

Two tablespoonfuls of butter and
one cupful of flour mixed with one
cupful of cornmeal; add half a cupful
of sugar, half a teaspoonful of baking
powder and half a teaspoonful of salt,
one cupful of sour milk, and two well-
beaten eggs. Turn the mixture into
a well-buttered pan and bake in a hot
oven. Sour cream may be substituted
for sour milk.

Marguerites.

White of three eggs, one quart of
peanut oil (in shell), one teaspoonful va-
nilla, one and one-half or two cupfuls
powdered sugar; beat whites of eggs
very stiff, chop peanuts rather fine;
mix all together and drop on saltine
crackers, brown lightly in oven.

About Kid Gloves.

Always powder the inside of new
gloves before wearing them, as it
makes them easier to slip on. It also
prevents the dye of colored ones from
staining the hands.

Influence of the Mind on the Body

In the September Woman's Home

Companion Ralph Waldo Trine,

writing an article entitled "What
Is Youth?—What After Youth?"

shows as follows the powerful in-
fluence of the mind on the body:

"A man is handed a telegram.
He is eating and enjoying his din-
ner. He reads the contents of the
message. Almost immediately af-
terward, his body is a-tremble, his
face either reddens or grows 'ashy
white,' his appetite is gone; such is
the effect of the mind upon the
stomach that it literally refuses the
food; if forced upon it, it may re-
ject it entirely.

"A message is delivered to a lady.
She is in a genial, happy mood. Her
face whitens; she trembles and her
body fails to the ground in a faint,
temporarily helpless, apparently
lifeless. Such are the intimate rela-
tionships between the mind and body.

"Great stress, or anxiety, or fear,
may in two weeks' or even in two
days' time, so work its ravages that
the person looks ten years or even
twenty years older. A person has
been long given to worry, or per-
haps to worry in extreme form
though not so long; a well-defined
case of indigestion and general
stomach trouble, with a generally
lowered and sluggish vitality has
become pronounced and fixed.

Children's Column

PERFUMES
OF FLOWERS.

"How sweet these flowers smell!"
you say as you hold them up for your
pymates to inhale the delicate odor.
Then you take them home and put
them in water, and all day long those
flowers continue to fill the room with
their perfume.

Something must leave the flower to
make this odor, yet the flower does not
seem to get any smaller. It must give
off something of itself to the air around
it or you could not smell it.

The perfume of the flower comes
from what we call volatile oil—that
is, an oil that will evaporate if it is
exposed to the air. Some oils do not
evaporate easily, and you might leave
a drop of sewing machine oil on a piece
of glass and find it there days and
days afterward.

The most common of the volatile oils
is turpentine, which comes direct from
the trees. As these oils are continually
passing into the air the supply must be
continually renewed. You can smell
turpentine or benzine instantly if it is
left open in a room, and in a short
time it will disappear or evaporate,
and a glass of benzine would soon be
empty, as it would all go off in smell.
You cannot smell sewing machine oil
unless you put it very close to your
nose.

The flowers that give perfume to the
air are continually renewing their sup-
ply of volatile oil, which is very use-
ful to the plant in two ways. In the
first place the odor kills the tiny in-
sects that attack the flower and would
otherwise destroy it, and in the second
place the delicate perfume attracts in-
sects that carry the pollen from one
flower to the other.

It is the flower that turns to seed and
the seed that falls to the ground and
produces other flowers in due time, but
in many flowers these seeds require
something from another flower to make
them grow, and this something is
brought to them by various insects that
are attracted by the brilliant colors
of the flowers and their odor.

Some flowers have no perfume or a
disagreeable one, and these do not re-
quire the service of insects. Some of
the smallest flowers, which are difficult
to find and might be overlooked, have
a very attractive perfume, which in-
duces the insects to hunt them up. The
violet is one of these modest little ones,
and its perfume is among the most
delicate of all.

So you see the odor of the flowers
that you like so much is not entirely
for your benefit. There are millions of
tiny insects in the world that enjoy it
just as much as you do, and even if
their noses are very small compared
to yours they know a good thing when
they smell it.

How the Pony Got Shod.

Billy was a fine pony, brought from
Shetland for a little boy to ride to and
from school, as the distance was too
great to walk. When Billy first came
he was barefoot, and when he began
his daily journeys he was shod for the
first time.

The blacksmith who put on the shoes
lived quite a long distance from Billy's
home, and the pony had never been
over the road but on the day he went
to be shod. A few weeks after the
blacksmith saw Billy, without hither
or thither, coming up the road toward
the shop.

Thinking the pony had strayed away,
the blacksmith turned him round and
threw stones at him to make him go
back toward home.

The pony trotted off, but the black-
smith had only fairly got to work again
when he heard a noise, and, looking
up, there stood Billy at the door.

This time, before driving him away,
the blacksmith took a look at his feet
and found that Billy had lost a shoe.
He at once made a new one and put it
on and then waited to see what Billy
would do.

The pony looked at the blacksmith
for a moment as if asking whether he
was done; then he pawed to see if
the new shoe was all right, gave a neigh
for a "Thank you, sir," and set off for
home on a brisk trot. His master
knew nothing about the matter until
next day.

Egg and Fan Race.

This is supposed to be a child's game,
but their elders have been known to
take part in it and find it amusing.

Have a blown eggshell and a fan for
each one of the players. Choose a cer-
tain strip of carpet for the race course
and place the eggshells at the starting
point. At a given signal all start for
the goal, each one propelling his indi-
vidual shell by judiciously fanning it,
the fanners being on each side of the
race course and not encroaching
upon it.

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She is in a genial, happy mood. Her
face whitens; she trembles and her
body fails to the ground in a faint,
temporarily helpless, apparently
lifeless. Such are the intimate rela-
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haps to worry in extreme form
though not so long; a well-defined
case of indigestion and general
stomach trouble, with a generally
lowered and sluggish vitality has
become pronounced and fixed.

"Any type of thought that pre-
vails in our mental lives will in
time produce its correspondences in
our physical lives. As we under-
stand better these laws of corres-
pondences, we will be more careful
as to the types of thoughts and
emotions we consciously, or un-
consciously, entertain and live with.
The great bulk of all diseases are
generated in the body through cer-
tain states and conditions of mind."

BITTERNESS WITH JOY

SWEETNESS ALWAYS IN THE
COMING AND DEPARTING.

MISSIVES FROM ABSENT CHILDREN SERVE
TO GLADDEN MOTHER WHO MUST FOR
A TIME BE PARTED FROM THOSE
SHE LOVES.

"The last chick has gone!"

Mrs. Cambury opened the long win-
dow and walked out on the terrace.
Yesterday morning "Pat" had stood
there by her side—Patricia, the young-
est, the last to leave the old home.
Today the wedding bustle was over
and the house was empty. Mrs. Cam-
bury shaded her eyes with her hand
and looked down into the rambling
garden. Even more than the house, it
brought her boys and girls back before
her. Now they belonged to the world
and she was alone. Into her heart
came the bitterness of motherhood—the
having and the losing.

"Miss Pat told me to give you this
as soon as you come down this morn-
ing," said Martha, the maid. Her eyes
saw the tear her mistress wiped away
hastily.

"Poor dear, I don't wonder!" she
thought. "There never was a finer set
of boys and girls."

She put Patricia's letter in the hand-
writing on every one of the three.
"Three letters," Martha announced,
with the freedom of long service. "And
I wonder whether they didn't do it
a-purpose," she muttered, as she went
back to the kitchen. She knew the
handwriting on every one of the three.

Mrs. Cambury's face flushed with
pleasure. They had all written, the
children who had gone away from her.

From a mission station in India,
Ralph wrote: "I wonder whether you
are exulting today over the fact that
there will be one more center from
which your influence will spread out,
or whether Pat's departure seems
nothing but the clipping off of another
bit of the perfect home life. Did I
ever tell you—no, I know I have not—
that the six little lads in our orphanage
look forward to the 'unlighted hour'
just as eagerly as we did at home? I
think they get nearer to me, and I to
them, in those talks in the dimness.
That 'unlighted hour,' when you gave
yourself to us entirely, was always the
best in the whole day. It is not given up, dear. It has taken
root out here in India."

Maggie, the young mother, sent a
comic little story of her babies, and
of nursery difficulties.

"Thanks to your training, I can af-
ford to laugh," she said. "There is no
emergency in my nursery that I can-
not meet. Half a dozen mothers round
here, who envy me my independence,
are learning from me. So you see
your influence does not stop with my
babies, but bids fair to go on inde-
finitely."

From a school in the West, Rupert
wrote: "I can never thank you enough
for your boundless patience and
faith in a certain trying boy. Optimism,
caught from you, cheers and encourages my pupils."

Mrs. Cambury looked up.

"It is very bitter, and very sweet,
to be a mother," she said.—Youth's
Companion.

Her Art Not Appreciated.

Varnishing day at the Royal academy
is always an important and interesting
function. Canvases and panels that
have been thirsty enough to absorb
the oil from the whole or portions of
the pictures painted upon them have
once more the luster of their first
painting restored by these pick-ups.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

MADISON COUNTY Blue Lick

Blue Lick, Oct. 26.—Several of the young folks from this vicinity attended the pie supper at Bobtown Saturday evening. Miss Florence Mitchell, who has been quite sick, is able to be out again.—The Blue Lick base ball team played the last game of the season at Johnson's park with White Station, Saturday afternoon. The score stood 7 to 0 at the finish in favor of Blue Lick.—W. J. Tisdale is repairing the old store house and will go in to the grocery business presently.—All members of the Blue Lick base ball club be at Ogg's Studio next Saturday afternoon at one o'clock with uniforms.—Croquet seems to be the leading game around the springs now.—Vester Evans with two or three immediate friends motored over to Lexington last Thursday.—Everybody is looking forward to the opening of the hunting season.

Big Hill

Big Hill, Oct. 26.—A series of meetings are being held at Narrow Gap, by Rev. Johnson and wife.—Sunday school is progressing nicely at this place.—Martha Lucas gave a bean hulling last week which all enjoyed, and she got all her beans hulled.—We are sorry to hear of Mrs. Tipton Chasteen being sick, but glad to hear she is better.—Nannie Johnson is going to have a pie supper at Log Cabin school house next Friday night. All come.—The pie supper at Bob Town was quite a success.

Coyle

Coyle, Oct. 25.—We are having very nice weather for this time of the year.—Cutting corn is all the go.—Candas and Nettie Powell were shopping in Richmond Friday.—Miss Ethel B. Todd who has been in Columbus, Ohio, for the past two years returned home last week.—John Black purchased three calves from J. Powell for \$123.—Mr. and Mrs. Willie Adams were in Richmond Saturday.

Dreyfus

Dreyfus, Oct. 26.—We are having a series of meetings conducted by the Revs. Childers and Cornelison at the Baptist Church this week.—Corn is damaging in this part considerable.—Tobacco has been damaged by the late rains.—Leonard Sparks charged with the killing of Wade Herd stands indicted and trial set for Wednesday, 28th.—James Lumsford, who has been holding a revival at Fox has returned home and reports thirty additions.—Mayfre Azbill, the daughter of G. M. Azbill, has been very low with fever but is now improving.—Mr. Frank Jones has bought a piece of land off the Curr Benge place on the Berk Road and will build on same. Corn is rated at \$3.25 per barrel.

Kingston

Kingston, Oct. 26.—Dr. Clarence D. Hawkins of Richmond, formerly of Indiana, has located in Kingston.—Mr. and Mrs. Arch Hamilton of Speedwell, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Mansions of Big Hill, were guests at the home of Mr. M. B. Flannery Sunday.—Mr. Willie Parks and family of Richmond visited Mr. and Mrs. Curt Parks Sunday.

JACKSON COUNTY Sand Gap

Sand Gap, Oct. 26.—Cutting corn, saving fodder and making sorghum is the order of the day.—David Durham, our new merchant, has a new supply of goods.—Uncle Henry Cook, who has been sick for some time, is improving.—Saturday was general law day here; and Magistrate, M. H. Smith, made the boys "stand-around."—School at this place is progressing nicely, with an average of about sixty.—Rev. G. P. Hacker is conducting meeting at Knob this week. He will preach at this place on his return home.—Dr. Martin addressed a large audience at this place, the 14th, inst.—He gave a splendid talk on health, agriculture, education, etc. He thinks brains are the best fertilizer and doctor.

—Uncle Riddle Durham, mail carrier, from Sand Gap, to McKee became excited about the war a few days ago and forgot his mail pockets, leaving them at McKee. However, he missed them before he arrived here and went in search of them.—Jesse Durham has returned from Hamilton, Ohio.—Mrs. Dr. Settle who went to the hospital at Berea sometime ago is at home again. Her many friends are glad to see her in much better health.—The Brockman brothers, William and George, have returned from their trip of recreation, looking much improved.

Carico

Carico, Oct. 26.—Bro. James Lumsford failed to fill his regular appointment last Sunday at Flat Top. There was a large crowd disappointed.—Mr. M. J. Reynolds is in this vicinity taking pictures and is getting much work.—Mr. Fritchugh of Willmore is here on a vacation and fishing expedition.—Mr. Sam Roberts caught a fine fish last week.—Mr. John Shelton is no better at this writing.—Mr. A. J. Simpson was running out land for S. R. Roberts and John Summers last Saturday.—Mr. Arte McDaniel is planning to move to Rockcastle County soon.—Uncle Gilbert is here on a fishing exhibition and is sick and not able to fish any.—Mr. Ed Roberts caught a fine string of fish Saturday.—Mrs. Lucinda Crady is expected from Louisville this week.—Mr. Charley Hays has come from the U. S. army.—Mr. Hiram Glass is building a fine barn for J. W. Angle.—People are complaining about their corn rotting very badly.

Gray Hawk

Gray Hawk, Oct. 26.—We are having lots of wet weather and corn moulding and rotted in the shock.—The Rev. Johnson preached at Gray Hawk Saturday night also Sunday. His appointment is always the fourth Sunday.—The Baptists are planning to build them a church house at Gray Hawk in the near future. There will be three church houses here: Methodist, Missionary Baptist and Dutch Reformed.—Mr. W. E. Eagle, our hustling merchant, has just been down in the Blue Grass section looking out a location.—Mr. A. L. Pruitt is building a new warren house.—Mr. James Brumback has bought the Uncle George Robinson farm. He is building a fine new barn.

CLAY COUNTY Burning Springs

Burning Springs, Oct. 22.—Mr. D. S. Holley of Richmond, Ind., has gone to Michigan as shipping agent for the potato growers. Mr. Holley has been here for three months assisting the farmers in organizing a canning factory and a fruit growers association.—Mrs. Fayette Rawlings has been suffering from heart failure of late.—Mr. Steve Clarkston has sold his farm to Miss Haagan and will engage in the mercantile business at Sidell.—Mr. E. W. Hubbard has recently completed a very good barn that will keep his stock warm and dry.—Mr. W. H. Carmack returned from Ohio last night with his family. His son Grant is very low with typhoid fever.—Lucy, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Rice, writes from Illinois that she has recently married.—A large crowd gathered in the chapel last Tuesday night to hear the many good things Mr. Reynolds of Tyner, Jackson Co., had to tell them about agriculture and other things. He interested a number of the boys in joining with the corn growers club. Much interest thru the county is being aroused by him for better farms, stock, etc.—A son of Mr. Cowan of Samuel Creek met with a horrible accident while grinding cane. The boy's head was crushed by the heavy beam causing almost instant death. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved family.—Our moonlight schools will soon hold another session for the benefit of those interested in education. The teachers hope to have all able to read and write this school year.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Disputanta

Disputanta, Oct. 24.—The series of meetings closed at Clear Creek without any additions to the church.—Henry Alney who has been on the sick list is able to be out again.—C. C. Thomas returned from Cynthian, Harlan County, where he has been working in the mines.—Several of the boys from around here who have been cutting corn in the Blue Grass have returned.—Messrs. Jas. Shearer and Oscar Thomas went below to cut corn the first of this week.

Rockford

Rockford, Oct. 25.—We have had some heavy rains in this section of the country with very high waters—the mail being delayed by same.—Mr. Grover Thomas was in Rockford today with other friends.—H. E. Bullen was on the sick list this week, but is able to be out again.—J. J. Martin is building a coal and wood house. This is what every farmer needs.—Farmers have been very much delayed in wheat sowing on account of the heavy rain.—Corn seems to be damaging very badly.—The Macedonia Sunday

Don't say Flour to your merchants, say "I want Zarling's Patent Flour" then you are sure of the best biscuit.

School had a Children's Day, October 25, and it is reported all had a good time.—C. N. Todd was at Daddie Todd's last week to get a load of apples. Daddie Todd sells apples raw or dried.—It looks like everybody would subscribe for The Citizen.

POWELL COUNTY Stanton

Stanton, Oct. 26.—J. G. W. Beckham spoke to a large crowd here last week.—Rev. L. F. Martin and J. T. Adams are holding a protracted meeting at North Bend about 1 mile north of Stanton.—Gus Frazier and John Chaney who are working in Breathitt county returned home for a few days.—About 25 moonlight schools opened in Powell county last Monday with a large attendance.—The Senior class of Stanton College gave a fine rendition of Macbeth last Friday night in the College chapel to a full house.—A large crowd of young people went from here to an oyster supper at Clay City last Saturday night.

Clay City

Clay City, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Gora Wilson Stewart who has conducted the

his mother who is very ill.—Miss Mary Eversole is improving from an attack of typhoid.—Bent Reynolds has moved to his farm near Mauldin, Jackson county.—Raymond Davidson who is teaching on the left hand fork on Cow Creek went home last Friday at Mauldin. He was accompanied by Paul Gabbard.—Mr. and Mrs. Rob Behymer are the parents of a fine baby girl.—Mrs. Barbara Winter and Mrs. Vanetta Gabbard went to Booneville Wednesday to see Mrs. Winter who is very ill.—Lucy Gabbard writes from Berea that she is taking school splendidly.—J. W. Langley, Rep. candidate for Congress, spoke at Rutherford today at 10:30 and at this place at 2:30 in the interest of his candidacy.

Sulphur Springs

Sulphur Springs, Oct. 24.—Dr. Gibson of Limestone was visiting the sick at this place this week.—Many from here attended the Sunday School Convention at Lower Buffalo last Sunday.—The Saints have just closed a successful meeting at Limestone.

A LOFTIER RACE SHALL RISE

These things shall be: A loftier race Than e'er the world hath known shall rise With flame of freedom in their souls And light of knowledge in their eyes. They shall be gentle, brave and strong To spill no drop of blood, but dare All that may plant man's lordship there, On earth, and fire, and sea and air. Nation with nation, land with land, Unarmed shall live with comrades free; In every heart and brain shall throb The pulse of one fraternity. New arts shall bloom of loftier mold, And mightier music thrill the skies, And every life shall be a song When all the earth is paradise.

There shall be no more sin, no shame, Though pain and passion slow may die; For man shall be at one with God In bonds of firm necessity.

—John Addington Symonds.

Teachers' Institute at Stanton last week visited her sister, Mrs. McGlone, last Friday.—Doc Phillips made a business trip to Winchester last week.—Mrs. J. W. Williams made a business trip to Lexington last week.—Mr. Wm. Medlock and daughter left for Jackson Monday.

Vaughns Mill

Vaughns Mill, Oct. 22.—This year's corn crop proves to be the best produced in this valley (Hardwick's Creek) in the past ten years, and the prices are holding good around \$3.00 per bbl.—Cattle sales at Mt. Sterling, October 19, were dull. Several of our traders brought their cattle back.—Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Baker are rejoicing over their new born girl Saturday night, Oct. 17th.—Powell county Institute was in session last week conducted by Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, the great "moonlight school" organizer of Rowan Co. She has made some good efforts to start the "moonlight" spirit in Powell.—The Swan-Day Lumber Co.'s store at Clay City, Ky., was broken into and several things missing but not to any great loss.—The infant child of Kiser Larison died Tuesday, Oct. 20. It was buried Wednesday in the Kenyon cemetery.

OWSLEY COUNTY Cow Creek

Cow Creek, Oct. 23.—The farmers are through saving fodder sowing wheat and making molasses.—W. W. Winter was called to Berea Tuesday evening to see work at Quicksand.—Thurman and Daniel Brandenburg were at Mt. Sterling on business Monday.—The election is beginning to receive much attention. Wilson appears to have the favor of this section.—Hon. John W. Langley, member of Congress, is making campaigning speeches throughout the county.—Sunday school seems to be growing.—Several from here attended the speaking at Booneville last week, J. C. W. Beckham being the speaker.—Joel Ephraim Brandenburg is doing quite a lot of carpenter work for James S. Brandenburg of Lower Buffalo.

GARRARD COUNTY Paint Lick

Paint Lick.—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Shockley are rejoicing over the arrival of a little girl, Mary Elizabeth.—Misses Pearl and Clara Hudson gave a social Saturday night.—Miss Sallie Ogg, who was operated on at Berea Hospital by Dr. Robinson nearly two weeks ago, is doing reasonably well and will be home in a very few days.—Mrs. Hensley, who has pellagra is much improved thanks to Dr. Botkins.—Harvey James is baling hay when the weather permits.—So much rain is damaging corn considerably.—Mrs. Serrina Ogg and Mrs. Charlie Anderson attended the funeral and burial of Mrs. Sallie Cornelison last Wednesday at Berea.

BELL COUNTY Colmar

Colmar, Oct. 26.—The Misses Elsie Jones and Leita Castle made a trip

If you want a Galvanized Roof that does not have to be painted be sure and get the right kind of Galvanized Roofing.

Our Material and Workmanship are Guaranteed.

HENRY LENGFELLNER

Phone 7 or 187 Tinshop on Jackson Street, Berea, Ky.

to Middlesboro Thursday of last week.—Iva and Charlie Campbell, who have been very low with fever are improving.—Because of some conveniences about which the change would bring, Mr. Cyrus Short and Prof. P. W. Waltham changed schools. Mr. Short teaching the Clear Fork school of Colmar, and Prof. Waltham finishing the school at Linda.—Mr. Gillis Turner leaves this afternoon for Middlesboro on a business trip.—Beginning tonight, Oct. 26, there will be conducted a revival at the Baptist Church.—The revival will be conducted by Rev. W. T. Robbins and others.—Sunday School is progressing nicely here being held at Colmar in the morning and at the Clear Fork school house in the afternoon.—Mr. Ed Turner is planning to do some assessing this week.

ESTILL COUNTY Fitchburg

Fitchburg, Oct. 24.—Mr. H. E. and Marcus Howell are making a business trip to Reges.—Mr. and Mrs. G. Tipton entertained a number of friends Friday night.—Mr. B. F. Chatman spent a few days in Louisville this week buying his fall goods.

Iron Mound

Iron Mound, Oct. 26.—Mr. W. G. Moores is having a well drilled.—Misses Bettie and Lora Skinner of Clark county have been spending the past two weeks with their many friends and relatives here.—J. T. Vaughan attended the national fox races at Winston last week.—Alva Stephens sold his farm to John Woosley for \$1,000.—Misses Nannie Mae and Eva Harris gave a bean hulling to their young friends Thursday night.—Mrs. Delma Stone has gone to Richmond to undergo an operation.

LEE COUNTY Trilby

Trilby, Oct. 20.—Sorghum-making is all the go now in this vicinity.—Rev. Wm. Kendrick filled his regular appointment at Grays Chapel Sunday.—Mr. J. H. Farmer has gone down to Taylor and Garrard County's this week on business.—There will be service at Grays Chapel the third Sunday in every month.

MAP SHOWS PLAN FOR REDIVISION OF EUROPE

It Purports to Represent Kaiser's and Allies' Intentions in Case of Victory.

Says a London Daily Telegraph correspondent in a dispatch from Berlin that

"A friend just from Berlin has brought back a map which explains in a popular manner what the German intent on Europe should be like in the future and how the Germans believe the allies intend Europe shall be changed."

"It will be news to the people of Scotland and Ireland that their countries are apparently to be left alone, but England is to be pushed into Devon and Cornwall. France is to become an extended Alsace and Lorraine disappears, and Germany proper ends just beyond St. Petersburg."

"Russia will consist of some swamps to the north, all the southern plains of the great empire of the czar being given either to Austria or formed into a united Poland under German protection."

Printed on the reverse side of this imaginative map is a fantastically outline of what some Germans think are the intentions of the allies. Englishmen will be pleased to learn their country intends to seize the northern provinces of Germany, including the Kiel canal, that they think of handing over the whole of Austria-Hungary to Serbia and that after pushing westward of Russia and eastward of France, Germany is to be left a tiny little spot on the map somewhere in the vicinity of Nuremberg.

RED CROSS WAR STAMPS.

Proposed For American Made Goods to Aid Fund for Wounded.

Acknowledging the receipt of a suggestion to swell the Red Cross fund for the war's wounded, made by an editor of the American Press Association, Robert W. De Forest, vice president of the American Red Cross Society, says the plan proposed has been submitted to Miss Mabel T. Boardman, chairman of the executive committee of the organization. The Red Cross society recently sent a vessel carrying surgeons and nurses besides a complete hospital equipment to minister to the wounded in the great armed conflict irrespective of nation. The money necessary to perform this great service to humanity was forthcoming from public subscription.

The idea which has been proposed to increase this fund is to sell to manufacturers in the United States Red Cross stamps bearing a red cross and the popular trade slogan, "Made in America." These stamps to be affixed to all American made retail merchandise shipped by mail or parcel post sold over the counter to the purchaser who carries the goods home.

As has been pointed out to Mr. De Forest, such a movement, if launched and made nation wide in scope is certain to meet with enthusiastic response. It would serve a twofold purpose. First, it would give man-



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it's the purest. **Best**
because it never
fails. **Best**—because
it makes every baking
light, fluffy and evenly
raised. **Best**—because
it is moderate in cost—
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Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912

die of America to be used in this crisis, and, second, it would yield a large revenue to the Red Cross fund used for the humane purpose of keeping down the awful toll death levies from wounds sustained on the battlefield.

The success of the Red Cross Christmas stamp is proof of what can be done in this direction, and Mr. De Forest has evinced much interest in the proposal that the same idea be employed, but along the lines suggested to serve those of all nations who fall on the firing line.

Yes it's The Citizen that will tell you just what you ought to know. It is one of the safest papers you can have in your home. You do not read any tobacco or whiskey ads in our columns, because we do not stand for such.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn—No. 1 white \$3 63 3/4c, No. 2 white 82 1/2c, No. 3 white 82 1/2c, No. 4 white 80 1/2c @ 81 1/2c, No. 1 yellow 77 1/2c, No. 2 yellow 76 1/2c, No. 3 yellow 76 1/2c, No. 4 yellow 75 1/2c, No. 1 mixed 76 1/2c, No. 2